

# The China Mail

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號六十月二年二十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1882.

日八廿月二十年己辛

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

## Notices of Firms.

LONDON.—E. ALAN, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES HENRY & Co., 37, Pall Mall, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—GAELIN & PRINCE, 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO AND American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAFLE & Co., Square, Singapore. O. HEINESEN & Co., Manila.

CHINA.—MACAO, MESSRS A. DE MELLO & Co., Seaton, CAMPBELL & Co., AMoy, WILSON, NICHOLS & Co., FOSHOW, HEDGE & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

## Banks.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMpte DE PARIS.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1818.)

RECOGNISED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION of 30th April, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP..... £3,200,000.

RESERVE FUND..... £300,000.

HEAD OFFICE—14, RUE BERGERE,  
PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at:  
LONDON, BOURTON, SAN FRANCISCO,  
MARBLES, BOMBAY, HONGKONG,  
LIVON, CALCUTTA, HANKOW,  
NANTES, SHANGAI, FOOCHEW,  
MELBOURNE, and SYDNEY.

LONDON BANKERS:  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.  
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.  
MESSRS C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credit on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business.

F. COCHINARD,  
Agent, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, February 8, 1882.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £1,500,000.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 3% per annum.  
" 6 " " 4% " "  
" 12 " " 5% "

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

GEO. R. SCOTT,  
Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,  
Hongkong, September 4, 1870.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... 5,000,000 Dollars.

RESERVE FUND..... 2,100,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman—H. DE C. FORBES, Esq.  
H. HOPFUS, Esq. W. REINERS, Esq.  
H. F. B. JOHNSON, F. D. SASSON, Esq.  
A. P. MOYER, Esq. M. E. SASSON, Esq.  
A. MOYER, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER.

Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits—  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " " 4 per cent. "  
" 12 " " 5 per cent. "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, drawn on London, and the chief Commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,

No. 1, Queen's Road East.

Hongkong, February 16, 1882.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling, of which is paid up £100,000 Reserve Fund upwards of £120,000 Annual Income £250,000

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurance at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, October 15, 1882.

## Notices of Firms.

THE CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

### NOTICE.

FROM this Date and during the Absence of Mr. J. BRADLEY SMITH, Mr. D. MC LAURIN will Act as SECRETARY of the Company.

WM. REINERS,  
Chairman,  
Board of Directors,  
Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

### NOTICE.

M. R. FREDERICK DEBLOIS BUSH is Admitted a PARTNER in our Firm from this date, and Mr. GEORGE II. WHEELER is authorized to Sign our Name.

RUSSELL & Co.  
China, 1st January, 1882.

### NOTICE.

M. R. LAMKE has been Admitted a PARTNER in my Firm, and the Business will be carried on from this date, under the Name of

STEJL & LAMKE.

R. STEJL  
Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the Sale of their GOODS by MESSRS KYNOCH & Co., of WITTON, near BIRMINGHAM.

MEYER & Co.  
Hongkong, August 13, 1881.

### NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. W. KERFOOT HUGHES in our Firm CEASED on the 31st December last. The Business will be carried on, under the same Style, by Mr. WILLIAM LEGGE and Mr. EDWARD JONES HUGHES.

HUGHES & LEGGE.

Hongkong, January 14, 1882.

### NOTICE.

WE have been appointed Agents for the MITSU-BUSSAN KAISHA, of Tokio, at This Port.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.  
Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

### Auctions.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, AT NOON OF

**MONDAY**,

the 20th February, 1882, at the Offices of Messrs HUGHES & LEGGE, Hongkong.—

(On account of the concern.)

THE WRECK OF THE STEAMSHIP "P. A. K. H. O. I."

as she now lies Sunken in AMOY HARBOR.

N.B.—TWO STEAM PUMPS and FITTINGS connected therewith which are attached to the Vessel's Upper Deck are not included in this Sale.

For further Particulars, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, S. S. "Pahot," Hongkong, January 28, 1882.

fe20

### To Let.

TO LET.

NO. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET, "KUHRHAJAN," NO. 10, ALEXANDER ROAD, OFFICES in No. 13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, NO. 3, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

Apply to DAVID SASSON, SONS & Co.  
Hongkong, February 11, 1882.

### For Sale.

FOR SALE.

JULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, Quarts..... \$17 per 1 doz. Cases. Pints..... \$16 per 2 doz.

Also, SILLERY MOUSSEAU (VIN DE CHAMPAGNE), in Cases 2 dozen Pints and 1 dozen Quarts.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

### For Sale.

OLD BRANDY \*\*\*

The Chemical Analysis has proved to me that M. M. Müller's Brandy \*\*\* is made exclusively of wine, and the delicacy of its flavor shows that it from the best growth.

"ROMBAU,

"Stern Analyse of the Courts,

Member of the Hygienic Society of Bordeaux."

BRUNNE & Co.

240c1 3m 1w 24fe8

### FOR SALE—JUST RECEIVED

BEST INDIAN SILVER JEWELRY, of various kinds.

INDIAN CASHMERE SHAWLS.

SMOKING CAPS.

RUMPOOREE CRUDERS and CASHMERE CLOTH, assorted, for LADIES' DRESSES.

AT MODERATE PRICES.

N. M. KHANIMA,

8 and 10, Peel Street.

Yokohama, Japan, Sept. 1881.

Hongkong, January 28, 1882.

## For Sale.

## LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

HAVE now a NEW and LARGE STOCK in the following Departments, viz.:—

HOUSEHOLD STORES. CHOCOLATE & BLACKWELLS, HONEY & PALMER'S, and AMERICAN BISCUITS and CRACKERS, SCOTCH OAT CAKES, MACKENZIE'S ALBERT PLUMS, NEW MUSCATEL RAISINS and JORDAN ALMONDS, ELVAS CHOCOLATE, DESSERT FRUIT in Syrup, NOYEAL and BRANDY, STILTON, GORGONZOLA, PINE-APPLE and ALBERT CHEESE, New COSAQUES and CONFETTIONERY.

BRANDIES—COEUR-VINCIERS, EXSHAW'S, and BEVEREST.

WHISKIES—BOURBON, BULLDOGG, LADIES' LILY, and L. C. & Co.'s SPECIAL BLEND, RED HEART RUM, SQUARE FACE and OLD TIME.

SHAMPOO—CHAMPIGNON—KOHNSTAMM, RUINART, CLARETS—MINER, HAUT TALENCE, LAROSE.

Outfitting Department—GENTLEMEN'S HOSE in MEDIUM and STOUT MERINO, SCOTCH WOOL and CASHMERE; SHIRTS in FRENCH WHITE, OXFORD, and LONG CLOTH; SCARVES, TIES, COLLARS, and HANDKERCHIEFS; FOWNIES CHEVRETT and CAPE, DRIVING GLOVES; BRACES; UMBRELLAS, TRAVELLING RUGS and CAPS, FELT and CORK HATS in New Shapes; WHITNEY and AMERICAN BLANKETS; OVERLAND, STEEL, and LADIES' DRESS TRUNKS, PORTMANTEAUX, VALISES, BOOT CASES, HAND BAGS, &c.

HORSE GEAR—SADDLES, SPURS, TOBACCOES—Cove's GOLDEN CLOUD, TURKISH MIXTURE, and BIRDSEYE, PAGE'S GOLDEN BARS.

THE REVISED TESTAMENT, hand-somely bound.

NEW NOVELS and ANNUALS.

Hongkong, February 7, 1882.

## Intimations.

### BANK HOLIDAY.

KELLAR & CUNARD,

THE ROYAL ILLUSIONIST COMPANY,

will SHORTLY APPEAR.

Hongkong, February 6, 1882.

### HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE D. A. DEND declared for the Half-Year ending 31st December last, at the Rate of £2 10/-, together with a Bonus of 10/- Sterling per Share of £125, is PAYABLE on and after THURSDAY, the 16th Instant, at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

## For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.  
HAVE RECEIVED FOR SALE.CHRISTMAS STORES AND  
NEW AND SEASONABLE  
GOODS.

EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER.

MUSCATED RAISINS.

METZ FRUIT.

ASSORTED COSAQUES.

GAILLARD &amp; HOWE'S CONFECTIONERY.

BUTTER SCOTCH.

HONEY SCOTCH.

ROSE TOFFEE.

LEMON TOFFEE.

ROSE LIME JUICE CORDIAL.

PLUM PUDDINGS.

PATRAS CURRENTS.

VALENCIA RAISINS.

MACKINNON PEN.

LIVERMORE PEN.

LAWN TENNIS BATS.

LAWN TENNIS BALLS.

LAWN TENNIS SHOES.

STEAMER "Glenfarclas."

STILTON CHEESE.

YORK HAMS.

CHRISTMAS CAKES.

TRUSSONNA'S DESSERT FRUITS.

ALMONDS AND RAISINS.

SMYRNA FIGS.

PICNIC TONGUES.

FILBERTS.

COCAOTINA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.

LIBERTY &amp; EAT'L COCOA.

FRENCH PLUMS.

HUNTER &amp; PALMER'S BISCUITS.

PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

MINCEMEAT.

CHOCOLATE—MENIER.

SAUSAGES.

BRAUHN.

ISIGNY BUTTER.

DANISH BUTTER.

BREAKFAST TONGUES.

ANCHOVIES.

ASPARAGUS.

SOUPS, &amp;c.

## WINES AND SPIRITS.

CHAMPAGNES.

HENNESSY'S MONOPOLE & WHITE  
SEAL.

VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN.

JULES MUMM &amp; Co., pints &amp; quarts.

CLARETS—

CHATEAU LA ROSE, pints &amp; quarts.

CHATEAU LAFITE, " "

IRIS GRAVES, " "

BREAKFAST CLARET, " "

SHERRIES &amp; PORT—

SACONE'S MANZANILLA &amp; AMON-

TILLADO.

SACONE'S OLD INVALID PORT  
(1849).

HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &amp;c.—

1, 2 &amp; 3-star HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

BRIQUET DUTOUCHE &amp; Co.'s WHISKY.

FINEST OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

ROYAL GLENDEE WHISKY.

CHARTREUSE.

MARASCHINO.

CURACAO.

ANGOSTURA.

BOKER'S and ORANGE BITTERS.

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMEON and  
SAUNDERS, pints and quarts.GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. &  
J. BURKE, pints and quarts.

PILSENER BEER, in quarts.

DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the  
Gallon.

ALE and PORTER, in hogheads.

EX AMERICAN MAIL.

Fresh ROLL BUTTER.

Eastern and Californian CHEESE.

Boneless CODFISH.

PRIME HAMS and BACON.

Russian CAVIAR.

Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.

PEACH and APPLE BUTTER.

Pickled OX-TONGUES.

Family PIG-PORK in kegs and pieces.

Paragon MACKEREL in 5 lb cans.

Beau Ideal SALMON in 5 lb cans.

Cutting's Dessert FRUITS in 24 lb cans.

Assorted Canned VEGETABLES.

Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage  
MEAT.

Stuffed PEPPERS.

Assorted PICKLES.

MINCEMEAT.

COMB HONEY in Original Frames.

Richardson & Robbin's Celebrated Potted  
MEATS.

Richardson &amp; Robbin's Curried OYSTERS.

McCurdy's Sugar LEMONADE.

Clam CHOWDER.

Smoked SALMON.

Green TURTLE in 24 lb cans.

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

YACHT &amp; PICNIC SUPPLIES.

CALIFORNIA

RACKER COMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 lb

tins, and loose.

Alphabetical BIS-

CUITS.

Fancy Sweet Mixed

BISCUITS.

Ginger CAKES.

Soda BISCUITS.

Oyster BISCUITS.

Cracked WHEAT.

OATMEAL.

HOMINY.

OORNMEAL.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

RYE MEAL.

SPECIALLY SELECTED

CIGARS.

This New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in

6 and 10 catty Boxes.

BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents p. lb.

SHIPCHANDLERY of every Description.

RIGGING AND SAIL-MAKING promptly

executed.

Hongkong, January 25, 1882.

## Mails.

## NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES  
MARITIMES.  
PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.STEAM FOR  
SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,  
POINTE DE GALLE, COLOMBO,  
ADEN, SUZIE, ISMAILIA, PORT  
SAID, SYRIAN PORTS, NAPLES,  
MARSEILLE, AND PORTS OF  
BRAZIL, AND LA PLATA;Also,  
PONDICHERRY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA  
AND ALL INDIAN PORTS.ON MONDAY, the 27th of February,  
1882, at Noon, the Company's S.S.  
"IRANIAN," Commanded by PASQUALETTI,  
MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE,  
and CARGO, will leave this Port for the  
above places.Cargo and Specie will be registered for  
London, as well as for Marseilles, and accepted  
in transit through Marseilles for the  
principal places of Europe.Shipping Orders will be granted until  
Next of 26th February.Cargo will be received on board until 4  
p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m., on  
the 26th February, 1882. (Parcels are not  
to be sent on board; they must be left at  
the Agency's Office.)

Contests and value of Packages are re-

quired. For further particulars, apply at  
the Company's Office.G. de CHAMPEAUX,  
Agent.

Hongkong, February 15, 1882.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP  
COMPANY.THROUGH to NEW YORK, VIA  
OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING  
AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.THE U. S. Mail Steamship CITY OF  
TOKIO will be despatched for San  
Francisco, via Yokohama, on WEDNES-  
DAY, the 1st March, 1882, at 3 p.m., taking  
Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, at  
the United States.Through Bills of Lading issued for trans-  
portation to Yokohama and other Japan  
Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and  
Inland Cities of the United States, via Over-  
land Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and  
Demarara, and to ports in Mexico, Central  
and South America, by the Company's and  
connecting Steamers.Through Passage Tickets granted to  
England, France, and Germany by all trans-  
atlantic Lines of Steamers.

Prepaid RETURN PASSAGE TICKETS A

REMARKS—

CHATEAU LA ROSE, pints &amp; quarts.

CHATEAU LAFITE, " "

IRIS GRAVES, " "

BREAKFAST CLARET, " "

SHERRIES &amp; PORT—

SACONE'S MANZANILLA &amp; AMON-

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&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

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PILSENER BEER, in quarts.

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ALE and PORTER, in hogheads.

EX AMERICAN MAIL.

Fresh ROLL BUTTER.

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Boneless CODFISH.

PRIME HAMS and BACON.

Russian CAVIAR.

Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.

PEACH and APPLE BUTTER.

Pickled OX-TONGUES.

Family PIG-PORK in kegs and pieces.

Paragon MACKEREL in 5 lb cans.

Beau Ideal SALMON in 5 lb cans.

Cutting's Dessert FRUITS in 24 lb cans.

Assorted Canned VEGETABLES.

Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage  
MEAT.

Stuffed PEPPERS.

Assorted PICKLES.

MINCEMEAT.

COMB HONEY in Original Frames.

Richardson & Robbin's Celebrated Potted  
MEATS.

Richardson &amp; Robbin's Curried OYSTERS.

food would be eagerly utilized by the great majority of the population who are now precluded from such a dietary by economic considerations. The position, as regards contiguity, of three such centres of demand as Hongkong, Macao, and Canton is extremely favorable to a trial shipment; and we command this undeveloped source of a branch trade to the attention of those who make countries their concern.

The *Ceylon Observer* says:—Sir J. P. Hennessy can have little chance of promotion, at any rate to "the first of Crown Colonies," when we find the Radical *Echo* (equally with the Conservative St. James's Gazette) down upon him after this fashion:—The announcement that Sir John Pope Hennessy is to be relieved of the government of Hongkong, as far as Barbados, Sir John Hennessy has descended to practices which have recently reached the Colonial Office. From all accounts, public business in the island has fallen into utter confusion owing to the inability of the Governor to work amicably with any of those who are associated with him in the conduct of affairs. In Hongkong, as at Barbados, Sir John Hennessy has descended to practices which, to put it mildly, are open to misconstruction.

This must be read in the light of the *Daily News'* contradiction of Governor Hennessy's recall; but it is indicative of the fact that all parties at Hongkong now realize what we in Hongkong have been enduring, and the need that existed for relief.

TOLERATION amongst the Catholics down about Sydney does not amount to much. A Michael Fitzpatrick died suddenly, and was buried in a Catholic Cemetery, but the rites of Christian burial were too good for a heretic who had advocated the Public Schools Act.

It will doubtless interest an important section of our reader, to learn that kerosene has been successfully employed as a preventive of incrustation in boilers. The quantity of oil used for the purpose is one pint after every washing-out, and the good effect produced is said to result from the oil causing the sediment to collect like a milky substance, which can be blown off from the sludge cock, or otherwise easily removed.

ANOTHER use has been discovered for the telephone. The *Pall Mall Gazette* states that a wealthy invalid lady who was unable to attend church, has had one of these handy instruments laid down between her house and the chapel, so that she may have the benefit of the service. This method of attending Church may prove to be very useful, as should the pastor prove too long-winded, the listener may at any moment shut off the communication, and thus be relieved of what is considered by many to be a considerable nuisance.

Poor Dion Boucicault has been involved in the calamities which have of late afflicted Ireland and Irishmen. He has written two new plays of a thoroughly Irish character, but he fears that if he presents the pieces on the metropolitan stage they will be hissed off the boards. In fact Mr Boucicault is of opinion "that Irish matter is regarded as a constitutional disease more infectious and more virulent than small-pox." If this be so, the unfortunate dramatist had better turn the bent of his mind from Irish to English life.

THE Governor General of Portuguese India has stated officially that the effect of the Anglo-Portuguese Treaty was so little understood in Goa, that in one dependency there was an inexplicable panic as to its entailing, by an increase of the cost of the necessities of life, untold famine and misery with all their attendant calamities. This is, certainly, a candid acknowledgment after nearly four centuries of European rule. It is satisfactory to learn that none of these forbodings were realized, that the general provisions of the Treaty have worked well, and that the benefits conferred by the Extradition and Monetary Convention of the same have proved of special benefit to both countries.

It is worthy of note, that planting Neem trees—*azadirachta*—around a Bungalow secure for its residents immunity from fever. The virtues ascribed to this tree, as regards fever-dispelling, are undoubted. The recommendations to its use here, in Hongkong, are that the plant is easily raised, and its ever-green foliage constitutes a garden ornament. There is little novelty in this suggestion, as we have heard before of a screen of live-bamboo proving effectual in shutting off fever from buildings unhealthily located in this Colony. There are other advantages, however, claimed for the "Neem." A valuable oil is extracted from the seed, and the juice from the bark and leaves may be taken both as a fabricate and vermifuge. In some countries the seeds may be had for the gathering, and we hope that the tree-planting branch of our Forest Department may be induced to give the subject their attention.

"BLUNT KNIFE" writing in the *Colonial Herald* says:—The Chinese miners are leaving in swarms, and the Chinese storekeepers must follow. I would not regret the exodus if we were getting even a fourth of the number of Europeans, but I prefer even Chinese to blacks and waddahs. Admiring Teng-tai in England that the energies of the Chinese Empire are to be strained for years in building such a navy and organising such an army as will not only protect its vast territory, but command respect and justice from other powers. He also said that China would, in imitation of European Powers, extend protection to her children all over the world; and Prince Kung says that so long as the Australian colonies form part of Great Britain the

latter is responsible for seeing that they observe her treaties with other powers. We may soon have to choose between abolition of the Poll-tax; and independence, our coasts ravaged and our commerce destroyed by a Chinese fleet. I am not Philo-Chinese, but respect the logic of their rulers in this controversy.

PEOPLE up north in Japan do not seem to have a high opinion of the sailors belonging to that navy which is shortly going to make the world wonder. The *Hiroshima News* of February 3rd, says:—John Chinaman was in high "fettle" yesterday. A live Minister, and a real Chinese man-of-war built in the Flowery Land and therefore much superior to anything produced by the outside barbarians, quite upset the usually placid demeanour of the local representatives of the Celestial Empire. The remarkable State carriage and the more remarkable coachman and coachman's hat which figured

so prominently when the British Prince landed here recently, were borrowed for the occasion, and the resident Chinese population turned out to a man, woman and child, to witness His Excellency Li disembark and proceed to the Consulate. We feel a pardonable repugnance to wounding the susceptible epidemics of our celestial friends, and shall therefore refrain from giving any further particulars of the official landing. But at the same time we cannot help remarking that we were most terribly disappointed in the appearance of the *Yamato*'s sailors. Instead of the smart, appropriate, and thoroughly workmanlike clothing everywhere associated with a man-of-war's man, the Chinese sailors are encumbered with about the most hideous garb perverted ingenuity ever invented.

In concluding Governor Hennessy may be forgiven for indulging in a little human weakness re "self." He naïvely informs us that he has passed an examination at one of the Inns of Court, and, with his well-known reticence, does not add anything about being "called to the Bar." We cannot overlook the plausibility with which he introduces himself to notice, finally, by ostensible sympathy for the heretofore misunderstood celestial.

#### THE GOVERNOR'S ANNUAL STATEMENT. [CONTRIBUTED.]

It may, perhaps, be instructive, if not edifying, to revert once again to that elaborate tissue of disingenuous argument—unique induction—the Governor's "Annual Statement." Sir John Pope Hennessy, with characteristic assurance, would have us believe that the revenue and progress of the Colony have, under his executive control and skilful management, risen with a growth and rapidity unparalleled in the financial history of nations. In our respect, it has certainly obtained notoriety, viz., that, under his administration, large accumulations of surplus income have been made—purchased—at a cost which must seriously affect the welfare of the Colony. Following the Governor on this head of his Report, we find him, after first declaring—doubtless, by way of a blind—that he would not include the extraordinary receipts for land \$209,428, with the ordinary revenue, immediately afterwards adding the figure on to take credit for the increase of "more than a quarter of a million": "More" in this case only means \$3,423! Governor Hennessy forgets, or rather ignores, the fact that the normal condition of affairs in Hongkong—which is altogether the growth of thirty years' British rule—should be "progress, comparatively great." Any improvement, therefore, in the income of the Colony finds explanation in its unavoidable growth, and the advance of trade—circumstances over which he could not have had any control. But to proceed with the Governor's figures, specially selected for his own purposes, and manipulated to best effect, "In the year 1878," Sir William Robinson, the Governor of Singapore, drew my attention to the fact that the Emigration Office at Hongkong passed as "free emigrants under no contract of service," certain Chinese girls, some of whom had been purchased in Hongkong, and some of whom had sold themselves for considerable sums on a verbal contract to do service for two years, sometimes three years, as prostitutes in the licensed brothels of Singapore. The United States Consul in Hongkong represented to me, also, more than once, that in endeavoring to check the traffic to California of Chinese girls who had entered into verbal contracts of brothel service, he felt compelled to rely on the assistance of the Committee of the Tung Wa Hospital.

To some of these representations Capt. Thomsett answered in words similar to what he uses in the first report of his own (dated 20th July 1880) he now submits to your Lordship, viz.:—

"Kidnapped cases can be stopped, but no others, unless it can be proved that a written contract has been entered into."

"Although I entertain no doubt as to the accuracy of the opinions given by Mr. Bramston and Mr. O'Malley that there may be a verbal as well as a written contract of service, I have referred Captain Thomsett's letter to the Attorney-General for a report."

EXTRACT FROM DISPATCH DATED DOWNTOWN STREET, 15TH NOVEMBER, 1881, FROM THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY TO GOVERNOR SIR JOHN POPE HENNESSY, K.C.M.G.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your dispatch No. 125 of the 18th of August enclosing a letter from Captain Thomsett relative to the defendant who has been sentenced yesterday to three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

A DISPERSE ROBBER.

Chu Akwei, hawker, was charged with stealing one sheet, and four blankets from Kowloon Barracks, and also with being in possession of deadly weapons at Yau Ma Ti on the 16th instant.

The main point at issue appears to be what constitutes a contract of service, and I concur generally with you in thinking that it is not necessary that every such contract should be in writing; indeed, that such has always been the view held by Government is proved by the fact that it has been held necessary to examine each so-called free emigrant before allowing him to proceed on board; and care must be taken that these examinations are not allowed to become less searching than they were intended to be, and to degenerate into a mere form.

"The further question then arises whether an advance of passage money and an undertaking to repay it constitutes a contract of service, and it appears to me that in some cases it does, in others it does not.

"In my opinion an advance of money from one man to another for passage expenses which the borrower is to repay out of his wages, does not amount to a contract of service, even though the arrangement be reduced to writing; on the other hand a similar advance which is to be worked out in service to the creditor or to any person whom the creditor may name, constitutes a contract of service even though the arrangement be not embodied in writing.

"I am unable to see that the opinions of the Attorney-General referred to in these papers are at variance with the propositions thus stated, and it may be laid down to be the duty of the Emigration Officer to satisfy himself as far as possible on what terms in any case the loan has been obtained by the so-called free emigrant; whether on simple condition of repayment or on that of working out the debt by service to a specified person or persons.

We reserve our comments on "water-supply" and "sanitation"; and now pursue dealing with the statistics of health.

The Governor's assertion that the mortality

and sickness among the troops is generally greater than that of the civil population, is at variance with his subsequent figures, as well as Indian and Straits statistics on these points. The results derived from figures relative to the male population, alone, cannot serve as a criterion of the whole, as "infant mortality" is a serious item in the vital statistics of the East. Regarding the figures adduced by the Governor in connection with a certain class of diseases, Sir John Hennessy is aware of the fact that the practice undertaken to be given by the Ordinance should secure immunity from contagion, and that the occurrence of infection necessarily involves relations from which the better feeling of the British soldier relents. Hence, secrecy and self-euro, are, in a measure, forced upon those whom the Act is intended to benefit.

The remainder of the Governor's "Statement" calls for no special notice—being chiefly devoted to self-laudation.... Every thing that is made to subserve the use of Sir John Hennessy is to be lost to opportunity. The idea of employing the services of the Chinese population to the advantage of the Colony is a serious one, and it is to be hoped that the Chinese will be induced to do their duty.

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## Intimations.

## THE CHINA REVIEW.

THE widely-expressed regret at the discontinuance of *Notes & Queries on China and Japan*, has induced the publishers of this journal to issue a publication similar in object and style, but slightly modified in certain details.

The *China Review*, or *Notes and Queries on the Far-East*, is issued at intervals of two months, each number containing about 60 octavo pages, occasionally illustrated with lithographs, photographs, woodcuts, &c., should the papers published demand, and the circulation justify, such extra matter.

The subscription is fixed at \$6.50 postage paid per annum, payable by non-residents in Hongkong half-yearly in advance.

The publication includes papers original and selected upon the most recent Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Manœuvres and Customs, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, the Eastern Archipelago and the "Far East" generally. A more detailed list of subjects upon which contributions are especially invited is incorporated with each number.

Original contributions in Chinese, Daig, French, German, Spanish, Italian or Portuguese, are admissible. Endeavours are made to produce a record in each number of the contents of the most recent works bearing on Chinese matters. Great attention is also paid to the Review department.

Notes and Replies are classified together as "Notes," head references being given, when furnished, to previous notes or Queries, or are also those queries which though asking for information, furnish new or unpublished data concerning the matter in hand. It is desirable to make the Queries proposed as brief and as much to the point as possible.

The *China Review* for July and August, 1875, is at hand. It says that forty-two essays were sent in to compete for the best paper on the advantages of Christianity for the development of a State. All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review. It is a sixty-page, bi-monthly, repository of what scholars are ascertaining about China. The lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is alone worth the price of the Review. Address *China Review*, Hongkong.—Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.).

*Traveller's Oriental Record* contains the following notice of the *China Review*:—"This is the title of a publication, the first number of which has lately reached us from Hongkong, where it has been set on foot in some respects a continuation of *Notes and Queries on China and Japan*, the extinction of which useful serial a year or two ago has been much regretted in Europe as well as in China. The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the *Calcutta Review*. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors. In a paper on Dr. Legge's *Sie King*, by the Rev. E. J. Eitel, while the place of honour is deservedly given, an excellent summary is presented of the chronological problems and arguments involved in connexion with this important work. Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Sung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bowra, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the field, and that the *China Review* may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance. The publication is intended to appear every two months, and will form a substantial octavo magazine."

## THE CHINESE MAIL.

This paper is now issued every day. The subscription is fixed at Four Dollars per annum, delivered in Hongkong, or Seven Dollars Fifty Cents including postage to Coast ports.

It is the first Chinese newspaper ever issued under purely native direction. The chief supports of the paper is of course derived from the Chinese community, amongst whom also are to be found the governors and authorities necessary to place it on a bushy and legal footing.

The projectors, basing their estimates upon the most reliable information from the various Ports in China and Japan—from Australia, California, Singapore, Penang, Selangor, and other places frequented by the Chinese, consider themselves justified in guaranteeing an ultimate circulation of between 3,000 and 4,000 copies. The advantages offered to advertisers are therefore unusually great, and the foreign community generally will find it to their interest to avail themselves of them.

The field open to a paper of this description—conducted by native efforts, but progressive and anti-obstructive in tone—is almost limitless. It on the one hand commands Chinese belief and interest while on the other it deserves every aid that can be given to it by foreigners. Like English journals it contains Editorials, with Local, Shipping, and Commercial News and Advertisements.

Subscription orders for either of the above may be sent to:

GEO. MURRAY BAIN,  
China Mail Office.

FREDERIC ALGAR,  
COLONIAL NEWSPAPER & COMMIS-  
SION AGENT,

11, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street,  
London.

THE Colonial Press supplied with News-papers, Books, Types, Ink, Presses, Papers, Correspondents, Letters; and any European Goods on London terms.

## NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

Colonial Newspapers received at the office are regularly filed for the inspection of Directors and the Public.

## Visitors' Column.

We have instituted as an experiment a *Visitors' Column*, which we trust will prove successful, and be found useful. To it will be relegated from time to time such items of information, lists, tables and other intelligence as is considered likely to prove valuable to persons passing through the City, and in connection with which we have opened a *SELECT HOTEL AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY*, applications for enrolment into which we are now ready to receive.

## List of Public Buildings.

Government House, North of Public Gardens.

City Hall, Library (8,000 volumes) and Museum,—Free.

Public Gardens, a beautifully picturesque retreat and of great interest.

The Clock Tower, Queen's Road Central, in a line with Pedder's Wharf.

General Post Office, Hongkong Club, German Club, Supreme Court, &c., within a stone's-throw.

Lusitano Club and Library, Shelley St.

Government Offices, the Secretariat, &c., near the Public Gardens.

St. John's Cathedral (Anglican), above the Parade Ground.

Roman Catholic Cathedral, Wellington Street.

Union Church, Elgin Street.

St. Peter's Seminary's Church, West Point.

St. Joseph's (R.C.) Church, Garden Road, near Kennedy Road.

Temperance Hall, specially adapted for sea-faring men, Queen's Road East.

Sailors' Home, West Point.

E. A. and China Telegraph Co., and the Great Northern Telegraph Co., Marine House, Queen's Road.

Masonic Hall, Zetland Street.

Victoria Recreation Club—Bath-house and Boudoir, &c.,—Pray, beyond the Cricket Ground, beside the City Hall.

The Barracks and Naval and Military Store Departments lie to the eastward, and cover a large area.

STORES, BOOKS, &c.

American and English Stores, Books, and specially selected Cigars.—MAC-EVAN, FRICKEL & CO.

## Chair and Boat Hire.

GENERAL TAFF OF FARES FOR CHAIRS, CHAIR BEARERS, AND BOATS, IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.

Chairs and Ordinary Pullaway Boats. Half hour, 10 cts.; Hour, ... 20 cts.; Three hours, 50 cts.; Six hours, 70 cts.; Day (from 6 to 6), One Dollar.

TO VICTORIA PEAK.

Single Trip.

Four Coolies, ... \$1.00

Three Coolies, ... 0.85

Two Coolies, ... 0.70

Return (direct or by Pak-fok-lum).

Four Coolies, ... \$1.50

Three Coolies, ... 1.20

Two Coolies, ... 1.00

TO VICTORIA GAP (TO LEVEL OF UMBRELLA SEAT).

Single Trip.

Four Coolies, ... \$0.60

Three Coolies, ... 0.50

Two Coolies, ... 0.40

Return (direct or by Pak-fok-lum).

Four Coolies, ... \$1.00

Three Coolies, ... 0.85

Two Coolies, ... 0.70

The Return Fare embraces a trip of not more than three hours.

For every hour or part of an hour above three hours, each Coolie will be entitled to an additional payment of 5 cents.

Day Trip Peak, ... \$0.70 each Coolie. (12 hours) Gap, ... \$0.60 each Coolie.

Licensed Bearers (each).

Hour, ... 10 cents.

Half day, ... 35 cents.

Day, ... 50 cents.

BOAT AND COASTER HIRE.

BOATS.

1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900

pixels, per Day, ... \$3.00

1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900

pixels, per Load, ... 2.00

2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600

pixels, per Day, ... 2.50

2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600

pixels, per Load, ... 1.75

3rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-ku Boat of

300 pixels, per Day, ... 1.50

3rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-ku Boat of

300 pixels, per Load, ... 1.00

3rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-ku Boat of

300 pixels, Half Day, ... 50

SAMPANS.

or Pullaway Boats, per Day, ... \$1.00

One Hour, ... 20

Half an-Hour, ... 10

After 6 P.M., ... 10 cents extra.

Nothing in this Scale prevents private agreements.

STREET COOLIES.

Scale of Hires for Street Coolies.

One Day, ... 33 cents.

Half Day, ... 20

Three Hours, ... 12 "

One Hour, ... 5 "

Half Hour, ... 3 "

Nothing in the above Scale to affect private agreements.

Mr. Andrew Wind,  
News Agent, &c.

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Overland Line, and *China Review*.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

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are regularly filed for the inspection of

Directors and the Public.

## SHARE LIST. QUOTATIONS.

Feb. 16, 1882.

Stocks. Nos. of Shares. Value. Paid up. Reserve. Working Account. Last Dividend. Closing Quotations, Csh.

DANISH. H.K. and Shai.

• Bank. 40,000 \$ 125 \$ 125 \$ 2,100,000 \$ 03,030.45 40 \* 11% @ 112 %

INSURANCE. Nth-China Ins. 1,000 \$ 2,000 TL 600 TL 238,600 TL 251,004.91 TL 75 1/2% p. sh.

Yungtze Ins. 1,200 \$ 2,000 TL 350 TL 500 TL 488 TL 18,447.56 TL 75 1/2% p. sh.

Union Ins. Soc. 500 \$ 2,500 \$ 500 \$ 331,787.83 437,688.68 \$144.27 \$1600

China Traders' Insurance. 600 \$1600.06 \$ 500 \$ 475,000 \$ 91,028.43 20% \$1600

Cton Ins. Office 10,000 \$ 200 \$ 00

Chinese Ins. Co. 1,500 \$ 1,000 \$ 200 \$ 161,842 \$ 226,847.61 \$71

H.K. Fire Ins. 2,000 \$ 1,000 \$ 200 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 18% \$300

China Fire Ins. 3,000 \$ 500 \$ 100 \$ 433,984 \$ 103,029.68 18% \$300

## Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked *a*, near the Kowloon shore *b*, and those in the body of the Harbour *c*, in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

Section.

1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.

5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Pedder's Wharf.

6. From Pedder's Wharf to the Naval Yard.

7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.

8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name. Captn. Flag and Rig. Tons. Date of Arrived. Consignees or Agents